## ONE GEORGIAN TO ANOTHER

Mr. Watson Denounces Speaker Crisp's Clerk as an Infamous Falsifier,

And Intimates that He Is Willing to Have His Courage Tested-Jerry Simpson Libels Senator Cullom-Mr. Dubeis Seated.

AN INFAMOUS FALSEHOOD, SAH! Mr. Watson of Georgia Denounces the Ut-

terances of Speaker Crisp's Clerk. WASHINGTON, March 3 .- There was a lively scene in the House, this morning, when Representative Watson, leader of the People's party, arose to a question of privilege and denounced the correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution for accusing him of improper motives in voting with the Republicans in the recent Craig-Stewart election contest. Mr. Watson caused to be read from the Clerk's desk a dispatch to the Constitution from its Washington correspondent, who is the Speaker's clerk, wherein it was stated that Mr. Watson had voted in favor of the Republican contestee because he expected financial aid from that party in his next race for Congress. "It has not been long, Mr. Speaker," said Mr. Watson, "since my good name was all the property I had on this earth, since it was to me both house and home, and the time has not come yet when ! possess anything that is dearer to me. am as humble, I trust, as the humblest man of this House, but if any member of it, high or low, charges me, either directly or indirectly, in the cowardly language of insinuation, with having acted corruptly as a sworn juror in passing upon a law in question in this House, he shall get my answer as plainly, as sternly and as promptly delivered as honesty and courage requires it to be made. If one of these reading-clerks, Mr. Speaker, were, through the public journals, to denounce as corrupt a member of this House, it would startle into attention every member who knew of that charge, but when the clerk of the Speaker of this House denounces, through the public print, a gentleman whom he knows to be the political opponent of the gentleman to whom he is clerk, then it certainly becomes still more significant, and the justification of the reply is still more complete.
"That statement, Mr. Speaker, so far as

it pretends to state the facts, is false. The Speaker of this House knows it to be false; the gentleman who wrote it knows it to be false; and every member of this House knows it to be false, and every member of this House knows it to be false. He says that the case was so plainly in favor of the Democratic contestant that only seventeen Republicans voted to keep the sitting member in his chair. That is absolutely false. ber in his chair. That is absolutely false, and the Speaker of this House knows it, and his clerk ought to have known it, and every member of this House knows it. [Applause.] Every Republican in his seat, saving two, voted to retain the Republican in his seat, and the two Republicans who voted against their party associates were met and overmatched-met by three Democrats outside of the despised lepers who are known as third party men." [Laughter.]

"There were three Republicans who voted against Mr. Stewart," interrupted Mr. Hauger.

"Then it is a set-off," said Mr. Watson, "and the three Republicans did what they thought was only their duty as sworn jurors, and the three Democrats who voted for the Republican were men whose loy-alty to the party cannot be questioned. Mr. alty to the party cannot be questioned. Mr. Cockran of New York is one of the chiefs of national Democracy. [Laughter.] He is supposed by any test to come up to all the requirements of loyalty and honesty. The others were Mr. Babbitt of Wisconsin and Mr. Hall of Minnesota. These three loyal and stanch Democrats voted against their party. Why? Because upon the testimony and upon the law it was a question on which good lawyers could honestly difon which good lawyers could honestly dif-fer. Ever since I have been here this clerk of the Speaker has thought it his duty to deride me, ridicule me and misrepresent me. In the article which I have sent to the Speaker's desk the climax is reached. The time when silence was prudent and good policy is past; the time when any man, be he ever so patient, would feel driven to his denual and his denunciation has come, and here, Mr. Speaker, I de-nounce that insinuation, cowardly as it is, as a base and infamous falsehood." [Great

## DUBOIS SEATED,

applause.]

Many Democrats Voting with the Republicans-Hill Casts His First Vote in the Senate. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, March 3 .- The Senate resumed consideration of the Idaho contested election case to-day, and Senator Gray addressed the Senate in support of the minority report, in favor of the contestant, Claggett. At 3 o'clock, the hour named for a vote, a parliamentary tangle arose as to whether Mr. Morgan's series of declaratory resolutions as to what should have been done in the election of a Senator in Idaho was admissable as a substitute to the resolution reported by the committee. The Vice-president submitted the question to the Senate. A test vote being taken on this question, resulted 9 yeas to 53 nays. Senator Hill cast his first vote in the Senate,

voted down by 55 to 7, Mr. Hill changing his position and voting in the negative. The final vote confirming Dubois in his seat was-yeas, 55; nays, 5. The Democrats who, on the final vote, sustained the report of the committee in favor of Dubois, were: Bate, Berry, Kyle, Carlisle, Chilton, Cockrell. Coke, Colquitt, Gibson of Maryland, Hill, Kenna, McPherson, Morgan, Palmer, Pugh, Turpie, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees, Walthall and White.

## MINOR MATTERS.

Sockless Jerry Calls Senator Cullom an Iniquitous Railroad Attorney, but Retracts. WASHINGTON, March 3 .- The House today resumed consideration of the bill allowing railroad companies to give special rates to commercial travelers. Mr. Otis of Kansas antagonized the measure. It was a stroke directed at the fundamental principle upon which the interstate-commerce law was founded.

Mr. O'Neill of Pennsylvania offered an amendment providing that nothing in the bill shall be construed to prohibit any common carrier from granting reduced rates of transportation to passengers or making reduced rates for freight.

Mr. Harris of Minnesota offered an amend. ment providing that any common carrier may give reduced rates to members of the G. A. R. when traveling to or from any an-

nual encampment. In speaking of the bill Mr. Simpson of Kansas referred to the author of the interstate-commerce act [Senator Cullom] as an "iniquitous" railroad attorney. He was promptly called to order by Mr. Lind of Minnesota. Mr. Simpson expressed his willingness to withdraw the "iniquitous," but this would not satisfy Mr. Lind, who insisted that Mr. Simpson's remarks were clearly out of order. Mr. Simpson then withdrew the entire expression. No action

was taken on the bill. Failure of the Sealeries Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 3.- The joint English and United States commission on the Behring sea fisheries held a long session at the State Department this afternoon and practically concluded its deliberations. The members are pledged to secrecy, and it is, therefore, impossible to obtain any official information as to the result of their conferences. There is good reason, however, for the prevalent belief that the commissioners failed entirely in their endeavors to reach a satisfactory agreement as to intimately. I know what I am talking the best method of conducting the seal-fishing industry with a view to the preservation of the species.

The Coming Struggle Over Silver.

Washington, March 3.- The lines are beginning to tighten as the time approaches for the vote on the resolution fixing a time for consideration of the Bland bill. The anti-silver Democrats, headed by Messrs, Andrews, O'Neil and Williams, of Massachusetts, and DeWitt, Warner and Cock- | Metzger & Co.'s. Telephone 407.

ran, of New York, are urging all the arguments they can bring to bear to get the Republicans to agree to as ist them in their fight, but thus far the efforts have not been successful. The events of to-day were not encouraging to the anti-silver men, as it was found that some Democrats whom they had counted on as favorable to postponement were weakening, and did not wish to be recorded as casting a vote which might be construed as hostile to silver. Representative Pierce, of Tennessee, has caused telegrams to be sent to every Democrat believed to be favorable to silver, urging them to be present when the vote is taken on Monday. The anti-silver Democrats are also moving to have all their

forces present. Third-Class Mail Matter. Washington, March 3 .- Senator Sawyer, from the committee on postoflices and postroads, to-day reported to the Senate a bill in the nature of a substitute providing "that on and after the first day of July, 1892, all articles of mail matter of third and fourth classes shall be comprehended in one class, to be known as third-class matter, and postage on the same shall be chargeable at the rate of 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, to be prepaid with postage stamps affixed thereto. provided that upon the consolidation of the two classes of mail matter all the condition as to wrappers, permissible printing and so forth now applicable by law to fourthclass matter shall be held to apply to thirdclass matter in addition to the privileges now conferred by law upon matter of the last mentioned class."

Free Coinage May Cause a Panic.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 3.-Treasury Department officials fear a panic will follow the adoption of a free-coinage bill, even though they have assurance such a measure cannot become law. The department bas been informed, by one of the largest and oldest national banks in New York, that if the House passes the free-coinage bill gold will be listed at the New York Exchange, unless there is immediately positive knowledge that the Senate will not pass the bill, as it is confidently be-haved gold will then go to a premium. Gold has not been listed since the resumption of specie payments.

What the Sugar Bounty Is Costing. WASHINGTON, March 3.-A statement prepared by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in regard to sugar bounty shows that 2,523 claims for bounty, amounting to \$6,914,454, have been received, and that 925 claims, amounting to \$2,952,020, have been paid. The payments were as follows: On cane sugar, \$2,715,748; on beet sugar, \$215,-406, and on sorghum, \$20,866. The bounty on cane sugar was distributed as follows: Louisiana, \$2,580,917; Texas, \$129,627; Florida, \$5,204. The beet-sugar bounty was distributed as follows: Nebraska, \$53,974; California, \$139,584; Utah, \$21,898. The entire sorghum bounty was paid to residents of Kansas.

The President Will Return Saturday. NORFOLK, Va., March 3 .- President Harrison did not leave the hotel at Virginia Beach this afternoon for another day's duck shooting at Ragged island, as had been arranged. He received a telegram from Washington this morning which changed his plaus, and he will now leave here for Washington Saturday morning by the Atlantic coast line.

The Aquilla Jones Bill Passed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 3 .- In the Senate today the House bill to credit Aquilla Jones, sr., late postmaster at Indianapolis, with \$2,348 stolen in 1888 was taken up and

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 3.-Rev. J. H. Sherrard, of Rockville, is at the Ardmore. H. F. Armstrong was to-day appointed postmaster at Randolph, Randolph county, vice M. E. Moulton, deceased. Secretary Blaine is suffering from a cold

and did not deem it prudent to leave his house to-day. The ways and means committee to-day heard a committee of the Lumbermen's Association in opposition to the bill intro-duced by Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, placing lumber on the free list.

Mr. Mills is much better to-day, his rets last night having been very beneficial.

The House to-day passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

The Latin-American department has just

received from its commissioner in Chili, in the interest of the exposition, information by cable that the Chilian Congress ad-journed without taking any action in regard to an appropriation for the represen-tation of that country at Chicago in 1898. No ill-feeling was expressed, but the im-poverished condition of the country and the lack of funds were alleged as the reasons for this want of action. The Senate has ratified the protocols and treaty making the United States a party to

the convention of Berne, relating to the protection of patents in all of the signatory countries. The Senate adopted a resolution providing that agreement is not to be in derogation of the existing United States statutes relating to patents. Second Assistant Postmaster-general Bell denies the story that there has been friction between the department and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company concerning the delivery of mail at San Deigo. Cal. The Controller of the Currency has issued a call for a statement of the condi-

tion of national banks on Tuesday March 1. MARIE NEVINS BLAINE AGAIN.

The Spunky Ex-Wife Reiterates That It Is Her Intention to Publish James's Letters. CHICAGO, March 3 .- Some pungent utterances were given voice here to-day by Mrs. Marie Nevins Blaine in relation to the open letter she wrote the Secretary of State. She was in Chicago, en route to New York, accompanied by her little son, James G. She was pale, but stated that, except for the nervous strain of the events of the past year, her health was good. Regarding her letter Mrs. Blame said:

"I allowed Mr. Blame ten days in which to tell the whole truth about the treatment given by his family and to retract the statement that it was I, and not his son, who did the courting before our marriage. Mr. Blaine gave to the public garbled extracts from my letters to his son. These convey an untruthful, unjust idea respecting me. If Mr. Blaine does not, within ten days, publish the full text of my letters, I will give to the public letters which his son wrote to me before our marriage and which will prove conclusively

who it was that was the wooer. "Great as Secretary Blaine is, he cannot and will not be allowed to asperse my character with impunity and without rejoinder on my part. If he persists in his attacks on me, I will teach him to regret it. He set up his love for his grandson as an excuse for an attempt to besmirch me. I love that child as my son quite as much as Mr. Blaine can love him as a grandson, and for that reason it is my duty to see that his mother does not rest under a false charge

unanswered. Father Ducey's Letter to Mr. Blaine. NEW YORK, March 3 .- Father Ducey arrived home yesterday. He said to a reporter that he was in a state of "perfect complacency so far as the Blaine letter was concerned. Mr. Blaine's letter," he said, contains nothing that is new to me. When I received that letter away back in 1886, I said all I had to say on the subject. I said it in the answer I wrote to Mr. Blaine. He has that letter. He had it the other day when he gave his letter to me for publication. If he wanted to submit the details of the whole affair to the public why did he not publish my reply?"

onel Nevins, father of Mrs. J. G. B ine, jr., says: "I know Father Ducey about when I say that Father Ducey cannot make public his reply to Mr. Blaine for the very good reason that he did not keep a copy of it. It would hardly do for him to give the letter from memory."

Who Is Responsible?

Some people don't know; then, again, there are others who do not know upon whose shoulders the responsibility rests. In fact, nobody knows. But almost everybody does know that the king of all table beers is brewed by the Lieber branch, and is called "Special Brew." In bottles at J.

CRITICAL CONDITION

Congressman Springer's Attack of Erysipelas Takes a Very Dangerous Turn.

The Disease Enters the Brain and Causes the Statesman's Mind to Wander-Green Paint Supposed to Have Produced the Affliction.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 3 .- From noon to day till 8 c'clock to-night it was expected at the Capitol and elsewhere in the city that Representative William M. Springer of Illinois, chairman of the committee on ways and means, would die at any mement. At 4 o'clock word reached the Capitol from Mr. Springer's residence that his physicians, of whom there are five, had abandoned all hope, and that he was actually dying. The crysipelas, which has been in his face for some days, has entered his

It was night before last that it was di covered that his illness was taking a very serious turn. He had not slept for five days, and at last, during the latter part of the night, he cried out despairingly: "I must have sleep! must have rest!" It was then concluded to give him an opiate. He slept a short time. but it was not a restful sleep. Through yesterday the Congressman seemed to be improving, or, at least, he was not losing ground. He had at no time been unconscious or delirious. He expressed a wish, however, that one of his old school-boy friends, John Canaday, should sit up with him through the night. When Canaday



took his place by the bedside Mr. Springer at once began recalling school-boy days. He conversed so long in this line that the watcher began to fear that Mr. Springer had overexerted himself.

After midnight delirium came on for the first time. It was not a wild and discorded frenzy, but began with a muttering and incoherent jumble of words. Occasionally the Congressman would get a few minutes' sleep; then he would suddenly rouse up and speak of the wool bill, the tariff debate and the new rules of the House. Once he said "That free wool bill was too much," accompanying it with a gesture, indicating the intense pain in his head, as a result of the incessant labor he had put upon the preparation of the woo! bill. Canaday left at 6 o'clock this morning, believing that Mr. Springer was much better than he had been in the earlier hours of the morn-

When the doctors came, about 9 o'clock, Mr. Springer himself told them of his de-sire to have his old family physician, Dr. John A. Vincent, of Springfield, come here. Before that the Congressman had frequently repeated to membors of his family: "There is something that the doctors have not yet found out." He believed that the erysipelas was merely a su-perficial malady, and that it concealed some more dangerous trouble. In speaking to the doctors of his desire to call in Dr. Vincent, Mr. Springer urged them not to think that he doubted their ability. Both doctors, Curtis and Verdi, readily assented to the suggestion, as they said that the appearance of the old family physician might have a most favorable effect in encouraging and stimulating the patient. A dispatch was sent to Dr. Vincent to come on at ance, and word came back this afternoon that he would take the first train from Springfield. It was about noon to-day that reports of Mr. Springer's critical condition first gained circulation. At once there was much excitement among public men at the Capitol. Senators Palmer, Cullom and several Representatives hurried over to the residence, at No. 43 B street, southeast, near

Hardly an hour has passed during Mr. Springer's illness that his mind has not been busy in some way with the tariff ques-tion. Yesterday he sent for Alex. Jones, the assistant clerk of the ways and means committee, and told him that he desired certain arrangements made for the coming tariff contests on the floor of the House. He wished Mr. McMillin to make the opening speech and to act as leader of the Democratic forces during the debate. He added to Mr. Jones that he would probably be able himself to get around in time to

make the closing speech. green paint. Several weeks ago he decided to make radical changes in the arrangements of his committee-rooms. A board partition was put up alongside the corridor which adjoins the rooms, and this partitioned inclosure served Mr. Springer as a private office, where he dictated to his stenographer. The wood partition was painted with a light green paint. While it was being put on Mr. Springer sat in his little office dictating letters. He is now positive that the erysipelas was brought on by the poisoning effects of the green

At midnight the condition of Mr. Springer s unchanged, if indeed, there is not a slight improvement. That he is no worse is sufficient to give renewed hope to his friends, as the nature of his malady is such that every hour he succeeds in away death means that be tling not the disease is the gainer. Incidentally learning from the watchers in his chamber that a reporter was in the house, he requested that he be admitted to the sick-room, and even found strength enough to draw his arm from beneath the cover and grasp his visitor's hand. "I am no worse to-night," said the sick

man, "and I believe I am going to get a fresh hold. If I can just keep down this cough, which is stiffing me, I am all right," Just at this moment there was a recurrence of a fit of deep, nervous coughing. which convulsed his frame in agony. This peculiar and singularly dangerous cough is induced, the physicians say, by the condition of his brain, rather than an affection of the lungs, as the erysipelas of the face and bead, while it has possibly not yet penetrated to the brain has certainly seriously disturbed the condition of that organ. It is the belief of worse takes place before to-morrow noon there will be reason to hope for his recovery. Inability to sleep and the nervous desire of the patient to talk to any one within reach are regarded as but indications of the harassed and restless condition of his brain, and the physicians now find in this inability to take repose the greatest menace to his life. So long as the sick man converses, as he persists in doing with those at his bedside, he is perfectly conscious and coherent, although painful, in his speech, but as soon as the conversation dies out or he is enjoined to silence, he rapidly drifts into delirium and

talks at random of pending legislation in the House. Firemen Go Down with a Floor.

DETROIT. March 8 .- A serious accident occurred this morning at the scene of last night's tire. A few minutes after 10 o'clock Lieutenant Crosley, pipeman William Dungerow, Charles Vice and Oscar Ridel were standing on the fourth floor of the burned building, when the floor suddenly gave way and all fell to the ground Dungerow was buried beneath the wreck, and at first it was thought he was killed. A few minutes' digging and pulling brought him to light, and he was found to be slive and able to talk, although evidently suffering pain. He was taken to Harper Hospital. Charles Vice's hand was cut in two or three places, and Lieutenant Crosley had his legs badly bruised. Both of these were taken to Grace Hospital. Ridel was

ent on the head, but was able to walk to the fire department headquarters. Dungerow has a wife and one child.

MURDERED HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW. One of Chicago's Doctors Charged with Killing

a Woman for Her Money.

CHICAGO, March 3.-It is an ugly thing to say of a man who occupies a good social position that he murdered his mother-in-law for her money. And yet this is what F. H. Dunton, an aged and wealthy gentleman who lives at No. 22 Aldine square, accuses Dr. H. M. Scudder of having done. Scudder married an adopted daughter of Dunton, whose feeble wife had a large fortune in her own right, which, up to a few days before the time of her death, she had proposed leaving to some blood relatives, but which, at the last moment, as she lay in bed but half conscious of what she was doing, as her husband alleges, she was induced to sign over to Scudder's wife. On Feb. 21 another physician was hastily summoned to her bedside, and found her expiring, with an ominous wound in her head, produced by a fall from her chair as she was sitting up one day. Scudder says. As Scudder was the last man known to have spoken with her, and as he could not satisfactorily account for the wounds, suspicion fell on him. And so a warrant was sworn out for his arrest by Mr. Dunton yesterday, and, as he is ill, he is being guarded at his house by a policeman. "Scudder was alone with my wife pre-vious to her death," says the old gentleman in justification of his course. "The wounds on her head were not there before he came, nor were his explanations of the way in which they were caused satisfactory to me. More than this, my wife had lately

that the young man murdered my wife to gain her money.' The body of Mrs. Dunton was buried in Janesvilles, Wis. To-day it was exhumed, and two physicians are making minute examination of the skull and other parts, which were lacerated in so strange a fashion. Dr. Scudder is a son of the eminent Rev. Dr. Scudder. The latter and his wife appeared before Judge Scales to-day in the county courty and applied to have their son committed to the Detention Hospital for examination as to his sanity. Mr. Dunton is proprietor of a horse paper, the Spirit of the Times. Mrs. Dunton and Mr. Soudder had never been on very good terms with each other,

altered her will in favor of his wife. Put-

ting these things together, I am convinced

been on very good terms with each other, particularly since the marriage, last September, of the Doctor with Mrs. Dunton's adopted daughter. This marriage was opposed by Mrs. Dunton, and she was never reconciled to it. She cut her daughter off with scarcely a shilling in her will, and this was the reason, it is alleged, Dr. Scudder assaulted his mother-in-law that he might seems possession in-law that he might secure possession of her will, change it and then hasten Mrs. Dunton's death. She has been ill for some weeks, but heart disease and an abdominal tumor made her condition critical. Sunday morning, the 21st, she seemed un-usually well, walked about her room, read the morning paper and seemed much improved. Her breakfast was brought to her by a domestic, who immediately afterward left her alone. Fifteen minutes later Mrs. Dunton was heard to scream. Every one in the house rushed upstairs. Hannah Johnson, the domestic, was the first to reach the room. She has made a statement upon oath that she saw Dr. Scudder, and that he was beating his mother-in-law over the head, but when the others reached the room he had ceased and Mrs. Dunton lay upon the floor, face downward, bleeding and unconscious. Neighboring physicians were quickly called, one of whom, Dr. Bassett, as he went upstairs met Dr. Scudder coming down. Subsequently while the newly-arrived physicians were trying to restore the injured woman to consciousness, Dr. Scudder came in. The phy-

sicians asked how Mrs. Dunton had received

her injuries. He replied that in a fit she had fallen and struck her head upon the

furniture. This answer surprised Dr.

Leavitt, since the room had very little furniture, and it seemed impossible that any one could have fallen and received cuts of such peculiar appearance and in such positions. Dr. Scudger was also asked if he had administered any medicine to Mrs. Dunton. He replied that he had given her an injection of one-quarter of a grain of morphine.
"Here," said he, "is the syringe used. She struggled so that I bent the needle." And he took from his pocket a syringe whose needle was bent almost to form a right angle. He appeared greatly excited, and as Dr. Leavitt was about to leave, inquired if it would not be well to give Mrs. Dunton another injection and produced another syringe. Dr. Leavitt re-plied that an injection of whisky or brandy would be beneficial, and Dr. Scudder thereupon made preparations to administer it.
"But," said Dr. Leavitt, to-night, "I do not know what drug he administered. I only know that Mrs. Dunton never revived, and

died that afternoon." Dr. Scudder's designs extended to Mr. Dunton, it is believed. On Feb. 10, while visiting Mr. Dunton, at the office of the Spirit of the Turf, the Doctor told him that he looked ill and gave him a dose of medicine which made him violently ill. He was scarcely able to reach home and became unconscious impediately after continuing in that condimediately after, continuing in that condition for thirty-six hours. The case has elicited unusual interest and no little ex-It is Mr. Springer's idea, as well as that | citement, owing to the high standing of of some of his intimate friends, that his the families involved and the secrecy obtrouble arises from poisoning effects of served as to all details. Little stock is generally taken in the statements that the alleged murderer is insane.

SHE WAS 117 YEARS OLD.

Death of a Colored Woman Who Was a Slave for Nearly a Century.

NEW YORK, March 3 .- In the basement of a dingy-looking house, No. 758 Greenwich street, lies the body of a very old colored woman. She died there Tuesday morning, and it is said that she was more than 117 years old. Her name was Lucy Ridley and she was born, her granddaughter, Rebecca Ridley, says, on the plantation of James Downey, near Oxford, N. C., Dec. 22, 1774. For nearly ninety years, Rebecca says, her grandmother was a slave. When James Downey died long ago Dr. James Ridley bought the girl. He, too, lived near Oxford. Lucy married and had children. Then war came and rained the Ridleys. "Then," said Rebecca, "granny was lef' jus' like a poo' ole played-out hoss to die in ther field." But one of her sons-in-law took care of her for fourteen years, and when he died Rebecca brought her grandmother to New York. Lucy was a remarkably large and powerful woman nearly six feet tall, weighing about two hundred pounds; but she was greatly shrunken and withered for the last score of years. Since last summer she had been unable to leave her rooms. Two weeks ago her speech and eyesight, which had been fair up to that time, failed her. Her mind has been weak the physicians that if no change for the | for a long time. The granddaughter is very poor and the city will have to bury the old slave's body.

WITH COMPRESSED AIR.

Chicago's Present Cable-Car System Likely to Be Supplanted by a New Invention.

CHICAGO, March 3.-This evening the mystery was probably solved regarding the exceedingly liberal ordinance granting the practically unrestricted use of the streets of Chicago to a corporation almost wholly unknown, called the Chicago Power, Supply and Smoke-abating company. The announcement is now made that the object is to supplant the present grip and cable arstem for street cars by the use of compressed air, and that behind the nominal projectors of the enterprise are such men as Charles T. Yerkes of the North and West Division Street-car companies, President Wheeler of the City Street Railway Company; James Cook, the Philadelphia banker, and Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury Gen. A. B. Nettle-

Dr. Bull commenced to prescribe his Cough Syrup in 1848, and now it is the leading cough remedy throughout the country. Salvation Oil is the great domestic remedy for | antidote is taken. Sold by all Druggists, all accidents. Price 25 cents a bottle.



On the 4th of March, 1193, Saladin, perhaps the greatest of all the Sultans, died at the age of fiftyseven. The Crusaders, led by Richard Cœur de Lion, found in him their most formidable foe. They wanted to rescue Jerusalem and the Holy Sepulchre from the power of the infidels, but Saladin beat them

For the Moslem's valor and chivalry, the Christian king openly

"STRUCK IT RICH."

What the "Last Chance" Mine at Creede Has Done for Its Owners in a Few Months.

NEW YORK, March 3 .- A morning paper says there is at least one New Yorker who has "struck it rich" near Creede, the town in the center of the new gold-mining district in Colorado. He is Willard P. Ward, an engineer, who lives with his wife, a daughter of United States Circuit Court Judge Erskine, of Georgia. Mr. Ward, who studied mining engineering in Germany, was in Colorado last November, and met there a friend of his, Henry Wolcott, the brother of the Senator from Colorado. The pair went to the new "diggings," and Ward looked them over with a critical and professional eye. He saw a mine, which, singularly enough, was called "The Last Chance," and, after an examination, he asked its owners how much they would take for it. It did not mean the "last chance" to Mr. Ward, who was already rich, but the name must have embodied the owners' opinion of the mine, for they agreed to sell for \$100,000; \$30,000 in cash and \$70,000 payable by Feb. 10 last. Mr. Ward, Mr. Wolcott and four others made up a purse and closed the bargain. By Feb. 1 the new owners had taken out of the mines \$100,000, the original cost, had divided \$40,000, and had \$12,000 left as a working capital with which to further develop their prize.

VICTIM OF HYPNOTISM.

A Woman Who Had Often Been Operated on

Loses Her Reason and Disappears. NEW YORK, March 3 .- Somewhere in this big city Mrs. Hattie White, a pretty young woman, whose mind is deranged, is hiding to escape imaginary evils. She has her two little daughters with her, and there is reason to believe that in her anxiety to escape her husband's supposed fury and to prevent him from finding her little ones she is slowly starying them to death. Mrs. White is twenty-nine years old, and has been married twelve years. The elder daughter, Stella, is eleven years, and the younger, Effie, is nine. According to Mrs. Kavanagh and other neighbors Mrs. White is a victim of professional hypnotists. She is a subject on whom they often operated. There is very little doubt that she is insane. Whether the tricks of these men had anything to do with making her so is not proved. At midnight last night Mr. White proved. At midnight last night Mr. White had received no information of the whereabouts of his wife and children. He said her mind had been affected for nearly three years. She believed that he intended to kill her and the children and would be sure to tell those she made a home with that she fied to avoid her husband's cruelty. Mr. White fears that if she finds her hiding place is likely to be discovered she will kill herself and the children, because she is honest in her meane belief that he intends to kill her.

MRS. AMY GILLIG MISSING.

She Secured a South Dakota Divorce, and Has Not Been Seen Since Dec. 1.

YANKTON, S. D., March 3,-Mrs. Amy Gillig's, ex-wife of Charles Gillig, president of Gillig United States Exchange, London, it missing, and her attorneys in Yankton and London can get no trace of her. She obtained a divorce from her husband in November, and then went to New York to be gone four weeks, leaving her lawyer a large number of registered letters. Anxious inquiry is made for her from London. She left money on deposit there. Her household furniture and wearing apparel are also here. She was accompanied by her child and maid, the latter intending to go back to England. The last heard from her was Dec. 1. She wrote from New York requesting her mail forwarded to the general delivery, and stating she would return to

Yankton in a few days. Foul play is feared. Catholics Attacked by Methodists. KANSAS CITY, March 3 .- At to-day's session of the annual Methodist conference of the Kansas district the report of the committee on the state of the country was presented and adopted. The report made a distinet attack upon the Roman Catholic

Church. In the preamble this passage oc-The Kansas Conference of the Methodist Church has long observed the insidious encroachment of the Roman Catholic hierarchy into the direction of public affairs, the dread of the so-called Catholic vote with which it was attempted to inspire time-serving politiciaus, the influences of its active lobbying in national, State and municipal legislation, and the large sums of public money ithas secured forits schools, greatly disprepertionate to the number of its membership among the people and wholly un-warranted by the educational results these schools have accom plished.

The resolution scored the House of Representatives for its action in regard to the Carlisle, Pa., Indian school and Capt. R. H. Pratt, manager of the school.

"Primate" Harris Marries. SANTA ROSA, Chili, March 3.-It became known to-day that Thomas Lake Harris. of the now widely-known "Brotherhood of the New Life" community, and Miss Jane Waring, were married Feb. 27, by Rev. J. A. Shepard, rector of the Episcopal Church here. Harris gave his age as sixty-eight, and Miss Waring as sixty-four. The latter has been a member of the community thirty

years.

A number of choice acquarelle fac-similes may be seen at the H. Lieber Company, 23 South Meridian street. Among these are some fruit panels after Barclay, and studies in roses and chrisanthemums after Annie C. Nowell. Lovers of art will be interested in these choice but inexpensive reproductions, and students will get from them valuable suggestions. These will make handsome dining-room pictures. Also, religious pictures, dainty color prints, birthday souvenirs, etc.

Aquarelles.

Fitzsimmons's Secret. "Fitz" is undoubtedly one of the most scientific pugilists that ever entered the ring. Billy Madden, who is well acquainted with his method of training, admitted freely that Maher would have gained an easy victory at New Orleans had be, like "Fitz." used Anheuser-Busch's invigorating "Budweiser Beer." Makes you teel like a fighting cock. In bottles at their local branch. J. L. BIELER, Manager. Telephone 1687.

MISS MARY A. WILLIAMSON, Designer of Embroideries, 695 North Alabama street, Indian-

SOLEMN Truths. Coughs sow the seed of consumption. Then comes the Reaper, Death. Stop. the sowing with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. No cough or-cold can ever prove dangerous or long remain troublesome, if this pleasant Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.

expressed the most cordial admiration. An equally good claim upon your admiration have

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See! To-Day and To-Morrow, CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS

Regular \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 goods, for 97 cents. : BOYS' LONG PANTS : :

Regular \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50 and \$5 goods, for \$1.88.

SPRING HATS.

Everything new and novel in shapes and colors, many being our own special styles, and all the latest American and English blocks.



English Welt \$3 Shoe Bicycle \$3 Shoe Pedestrian \$3.50 Shoe Hand-Sewed \$4 Shoe

| Kangaroo \$5 Shoe Cordovan \$5 Shoe Genuine Cork-sole \$5 Shoe Patent Leather \$6 Shoe

We are opening permanent stores in the leading cities of the United States, for the exclusive sale of our Shoes direct to the consumer. Some of the reasons why our Shoes commend themselves are these: FIRST-All our Shoes are made in our own workshop by the most skilled workmen, under our personal supervision.

SECOND—Our lasts and models are the result of many years' experience in catering to a critical public for a high grade of Shoes, combining durability, style and comfort.

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FIFTH-We make and sell our Shoes DIRECT and ONLY to the consumer: SIXTH-We WARRANT our Shoes to fit and wear. We cordially invite a personal inspection of our large and varied stock of the Emerson Shoes.

Get the Best When You Can.

R. B. GROVER & CO.,

Fine Shoemakers, No. 40 East Washington St. LEWIS A. HARMEYER, Manager. Factory at BROCTON, MASS.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES. LAFONTAINE-Arthur Lafontaine died March 2. 4 o'clock p. m. Funeral from his mother's residence, 79 North Davidson street, Friday, March 4, Indianapolis Union Station. One more chair is vacant. A voice we love is gone, But we hope to meet In the better home beyond. Trains Run by Central Time ISGRIGG-Effle Catherine, wife of John G. Isgrigg, at the residence of her sister, 19 Shiver ave. Services Saturday morning, March 5, at 10 o'clock, from Blackford-street M. E. Church. Friends of family invited. TICKET OFFICES at Station and at corner Illinois and

8:30 a m., March 3. Funeral at Crawfordsville today at 2 p. m., from the residence of his son, Robert C. Ross. LYNCH-Thomas H. Lynch died at his residence, No. 88 Broadway, Thursday, March 3, at 7 a. m., in the eighty-fifth year of his age. Funeral notice later. WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-CONSUMERS' GAS TRUST STOCK D. H. WILES, 4612 North Pennsylvania. WANTED-MEN TO TAKE ORDERS. NO DE VV livering or collecting; no experience; steady work; best terms; best specialties; samples free. Martinsvi le and Vincennes .... † 4.05 pm | †10.55 am olumbus, Ind., and Madison .. t 4.30 pm t10.25 am GLEN BROS., Rochester, N. Y.

V county to sell the BOSTWICK PATENT HAME FASTENER. Salary and commission. No competition. #5 per day and more easily made. State rights for sale. BOSTWICK M'F'G CO., Newark, N. J. FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. LOR SALE-FINE OFFICE DESK. CALL ON A. N. WILSON, Mansur Block, E. Wash. st. DOR SALE-ART SALE AT MRS. A. E. FERry's Studio, 59 and 60 Ingalis Block. Making room for new stock. MOR SALE .- ONE OF THE BEST SHOE STORES at Anderson, with lease. Good business. Will invoice about \$8,000. Address at once, E. E. HEN-DEE, Agent, Anderson, Ind. TOOR SALE-GROCERY. A \$3,000 STOCK; LC cation one of the best in the city and doing a No. I business. Might take some good city property for one-half. Address MERCHANT, Journal Office DOR SALE - AT A BARGAIN-COMPLETE I line of staple and fancy groceries and fixtures; best location in city; will sell at a bargain; cause of

WANTED-AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY

selling, business in other State demanding my attention. Address "DOC," 103 East Main street, Crawfordsville, Ind. TOP SALE-FARM FOR SALE, A VALUABLE farm, in high state of cultivation, first-class improvements, tine location, healthy locality, good neighborhood, one of the best farms in western Indiana. If you want a farm for profit, for large crops of grain and grasses, here is your chance. Don't delay It. Possession given at once. For particulars, address P. O. Box 295, Sullivan, Ind.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. A NNOUNCEMENT-\$5 TO \$10 PER DAY. NO A canvassing; no peddiing. Inclose 10c stamp for list particulars. A. WERNER, Milwaukee, Wis. A NNOUNCEMENT - THERE WILL BE A meeting to elect nine directors for the management of the Indianapolis Asylum for Friendless Colored Children, on the 14th of the present month, at 7:30 p. m., at Friends' Church, corner st. Clair and Delaware streets, Indianapolis, Ind. The incorporators and members of the association will take notice.

REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE-GROUNDS FOR SCHOOL BUILDINGS. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the public schools, in the library building, until 4 p. m. on Friday, March 11, 1892, for grounds suitable for building purposes within the following limits: Washington street to the Lafayette railroad track on the cast, south to the Union tracks, west to the river, thence to Washington street.

West of Lafayette railroad track, south to New York street, west to Blake, south to Michigan street. Monroe street on the north, Excelst r street on the east to within a square of the National road on the south, and the State grounds on the west. North of Fall Creek, between Nineteenth and Twenty-second and Meridian and Mississippi streets. Proposals must be marked on envelope "Proposals for Grounds" and addressed to William Scott, chairman of committee on buildings and grounds, Office

of Public Schools.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. By order of the Board of School Commissioners, Committee on Enildings and Grounds.

Washington Streets.
TRAINS BUN AS FOLLOWS:
\*Daily. † Daily, except Sunday. ROSS-At his residence, 446 North New Jersey FROM INDIANAPOLIS TO Columbus, Ind., and Louisville. 3 40 am Philade phia and New York...\* 4.45 am \* 9.00 pm Baltimore and Washington..... 4.45 am 9.00 pm Dayton and Springfield...... 4.45 am 9.00 pm Martinsville and Vincennes .... \$ 8.00 am Madison and Louisville...... 8.00 am tichmond and Columbus, O .... t 8.00 am Logansport and Chicago ......\*11.20 am \* 3.5 \*11.45 am \* 7.55 am Dayton and Columbus ..... Philadelphia and New York.... 3.00 pm 12.45 pm Baltimore and Washington ... 3.00 pm 12.45 pm Dayton and Springfield ..... 3.00 pm 12.45 pm Knightstown and Richmond ... 4.00 pm + 9.00 sm Columbus, Ind., and Louisville. 4.00 pm 11.10 sm

> Logansport and Chicago ...... \*11.30 pm \* 3.30 am THE WEST. At Indianapolis Union Station: Leave for St. Louis 7:30 a.m., 11:50 a.m., 12:55 p. m., 11:00 p. m. Trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T. H. points. Evansville sleeper on 11:00 p. m. train. Greencastle and Terre Haute Acc., leaves 4:00 Arrive from St. Louis, 3:30a m., 4:15 a m., 2:50 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 7:45 p. m. Terre Haute and Greencastle Acco. arrives at 10:00 a, m. Sleeping and Parlor cars are run on through THE VESTIBULED

Pittsburg and East. 5.30 pm \*11.40 am Dayton and Xenia 5.30 pm \*11.40 am

PULLMAN CAR LINE Leave Indianapolis. No. 32-Chicago Lim., Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parlor and dining car, daily ......11:35 12 Arrive in Chicago 5:20 pm. No. 34-Chicago Night Ex., Pullman Vesti-Arrive in Chicago 7:35 am. Monon Acc. Arrive at Indianapolis. No. 31-Vestibule, daily 3:25 am
No. 33-Vestibule, daily 3:25 am
No. 39-Monon Acc. 10:40 am
Pullman vestibuled sleepers for Chicago stand at west end of Union Station, and can be taken at 5:30 1. m., daily. Ticket Offices-No. 25 South Hillinois street, and at

Union Station. MICHAEL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY A The Indiana Mutual Building and Loan Ass'ns NOW issues certificates on which no admission fee is charged. This stock can be withdrawn at any ame without any loss whatever, bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent, per annum, provided that the money is left in for a term of twelve months or onger, and six per cent, if left in for six months of onger. This stock is secured by first mortgages on tent Estate for more than double the amount. DIRECTORS-Wm. E. Niblack, E. G. Cornelius, harles Kahlo, Alex. B. Shroyer, N. F. Dalton, Caleb Donny, George W. Powell, Charles Mayer, Charles Kregelo, John C. Ingram, Philander H. Fitzger-Full information given at the Home Office, Rooms

27, 29 and 31 Thorpe Block, Indianapolis, Ind. CHARLES KAHLO, Secretary. FINANCIAL. ····· YOANS - MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. P. L SAYLES, 75 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN-S PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbott & New's Block. TOANS-MONEY, MORTGAGES, 6 AND 7 PER eent. D.H. WILES, 46 5 North Pennsylvania. CIX PER CENT. ON CITY PROPERTY IN Dindiana ISAACH, KIERSTED, 13 Martindale MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW. est market rate, privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal beads. THOS. C.

DAY & Co., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis.